

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
23.	Tripura	12.53	40.04	0.49	7.47	13.02	34.44
24.	Uttar Pradesh	412.01	31.22	117.88	30.89	529.89	31.15
25.	West Bengal	180.11	31.85	33.38	14.86	213.49	27.02
26.	A and N Island	0.58	20.55	0.24	22.11	0.82	20.99
27.	Chandigarh	0.06	5.75	0.45	5.75	0.51	5.75
28.	Dadra and Nagar Haveli	0.30	17.57	0.03	13.52	0.33	17.14
29.	Daman and Diu	0.01	1.35	0.05	7.52	0.06	4.44
30.	Delhi	0.07	0.40	11.42	9.42	11.49	8.23
31.	Lakshadweep	0.03	9.38	0.08	20.27	0.11	15.60
32.	Pondicherry	0.64	20.55	1.77	22.11	2.41	21.67
ALL INDIA		1932.43	27.09	670.07	23.62	2602.50	26.10

NOTE:

1. Poverty Ratio of Assam is used for Sikkim, Arunachal Pradesh, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Manipur, Nagaland and Tripura.

2. Poverty Line of Maharashtra and expenditure distribution of Goa is used to estimate poverty ratio of Goa.

3. Poverty Line of Himachal Pradesh and expenditure distribution of Jammu and Kashmir is used to estimate poverty ratio of Jammu and Kashmir.

4. Poverty Ratio of Tamil Nadu is used for Pondicherry and A and N Island

5. Urban Poverty Ratio of Punjab used for both rural and urban poverty of Chandigarh.

6. Poverty Line of Maharashtra and expenditure distribution of Dadra and Nagar Haveli is used to estimate poverty ratio of Dadra and Nagar Haveli.

7. Poverty Ratio of Goa is used for Daman and Diu.

8. Poverty Ratio of Kerala is used for Lakshadweep

Slowdown in manufacturing sector

2506. SHRIMATI S.G. INDIRA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the country would fail to achieve the Tenth Plan target of eight per cent GDP owing to a slowdown in the manufacturing sector;

(b) if so, whether Government are considering to improve the performance of manufacturing sector: and

(14 December, 2006]

RAJYA SABHA

(c) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI M.V. RAJASEKHARAN): (a) to <c) The annual growth rates of aggregate Gross Domestic Product (GDP), the growth rate of value added in manufacturing sector during the first four years of Tenth Plan (2002-03 to 20G5-06) along with the Tenth Plan targets are given in the Table below. From the Table it may be seen that while the manufacturing sector has not achieved the targeted growth rate, its growth rate has continuously increased in the first four years of the Tenth Five Year Plan.

*Annual Growth Rates of Gross Domestic Product and
the manufacturing sector*

{per cent at 1999-2000 prices}

SI. No.	Sectors	Tenth-Plan Target	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05 (QE)	2005-06 (RE)
1.	Manufacturing	9.8	6.8	7.1	8.1	9.0
2.	Gross Domestic Product (at Market prices)	8.1	3.6	8.3	8.5	8.7

SOURCE Central Statistical Organisation (National Accounts Statistics, 2006) QE: Quick Estimates, RE: Revised Estimates.

Priority for agriculture in the eleventh plan

2507. SHRIMATI S.G. INDIRA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Government are considering to give utmost priority in the Eleventh Five Year Plan for the agriculture;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) whether it is also a fact that Government are considering to allow greater public investment in agriculture; and

(d) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI M. V. RAJASEKHARAN): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir. Around 4% per annum